

Macroeconomics
411-1
Fall, 2003
Christiano

Syllabus

1. General Information.

- ² Lectures are M-W 9-10:50am, 101 University Hall. Recitation: Friday 9-11am, lecture room. EXCEPTION: The November 10 lecture will be given in recitation, November 7. The November 10 lecture time will be used for a recitation, during which the midterm will be returned and discussed.
- ² My office number is 3246, Andersen Hall; Phone: 491-8231. Email: l-christiano@northwestern.edu. Office hours: TBA.
- ² TA: Pablo Guerron, office hours TBA, telephone number, 491-8205; office, 312 Andersen; email, p-guerron@northwestern.edu. EXCEPTION: Guido Menzio will be TA temporarily, for the first three weeks. Office hours, Mondays, 5:15pm; telephone number, 491-8203; office, 325 Andersen; email, g-menzio@northwestern.edu.
- ² The grades will be determined as follows: homeworks, 10%; midterm, 40%; final, 50%. There will be approximately seven homework assignments. You are requested to work in teams of up to five students on these problem sets, and only one should be submitted per group. With one exception, homeworks should be turned in to the Economics Department office by Wednesday, 5pm, in the week after they are assigned.
- ² The midterm is on Monday, November 3. The final is on Wednesday, December 10, 9-11am, in the regular lecture room.

2. Goals.

Macroeconomics is about: (i) developing positive models that can help us understand the dynamics of key macroeconomic variables: employment, unemployment, interest rates, output, etc.; and (ii) using these

models to make judgements about what policies the government should, or should not, pursue. Classic questions include the proper setting of taxes and money over the business cycle. The purpose of the course is to study basic tools useful for (i) and (ii), and to review (a subset of) the relevant substantive findings reported in the literature.

To address (i), we will begin by developing the basic building block of modern macroeconomics: the infinite lived, deterministic, homogeneous agent growth model. One set of variations of this model will allow us to review a subset of the modern theory of growth. Another will allow us to review basic results in monetary economics. A third set of variations will allow us to review the theory of business cycles.

To address (ii), we will study the optimal determination of tax rates. We will first study this problem assuming the government can determine at some initial date what the optimal setting of these variables is for all time, and all possible circumstances, and that it can then commit itself credibly to actually implementing these policies. We will go on to study the more realistic (though more complicated, too) case where the government lacks the ability to commit.

² The textbooks for the course are S-L and L-S:

Nancy L. Stokey and Robert E. Lucas, Jr., with Edward C. Prescott, *Recursive Methods in Economic Dynamics*, Harvard University Press, 1989.

Ljungqvist and Sargent's, *Recursive Macroeconomic Theory*, MIT Press, 2000.

² Additional reading materials will be made available on the course website.

COURSE OUTLINE

There will be 18 lectures (one of the 19 slots is taken by the midterm). The topics are summarized below, with the rough number of lectures expected to be devoted to each given in parentheses. The primary and related readings for each lecture are listed.

1. Infinite Horizon Model With No Uncertainty and Fixed Labor.
 - (a) (four lectures) Efficient Allocations.
 - i. Sequence Approach (S-L: pp. 8-13, sec. 4.5).
 - ii. Function Space and Dynamic Programming (S-L; pp. 13-16, sec. 4.2, sec. 6.1).
 - (b) (one lecture) Equilibrium Concepts (S-L: sec. 2.3; L-S: chap. 6, 7; Cooley-Prescott, 1995, pp. 8-10).
 - i. Sequence concepts:
 - A. Date 0 Arrow-Debreu.
 - B. Sequence-of-Markets.
 - ii. Recursive Competitive Equilibrium.
 - (c) (two lectures) Application: Growth Theory (L-S, chap11; Jones and Manuelli, 1997).
 - i. Exogenous growth models.
 - A. Growth generated by 'disembodied' technical change (S-L, sec. 5.4; related paper: Christiano (1989)).
 - B. Growth generated by investment-specific technical change (Greenwood, Hercowitz and Krusell, 1997, Hornstein and Krusell, 1996).
 - ii. Endogenous growth models.
 - A. \sqrt{Ak} models (Christiano and Harrison (1999, Appendix); see also: Rebelo (1991)).
 - B. Learning-by-doing and learning-or-doing (S-L; sec. 5.7).

- C. Increasing variety and specialization (Romer, 1987; Matsuyama, 1999; class notes on Matsuyama).
 - D. Overlapping-generations (Jones and Manuelli, 1997).
- 2. (four lectures) Adding Variable Labor and Money. (See: Albanesi, Chari, and Christiano, (2002a); Christiano and Rostagno, (2002); see also Cole and Kocherlakota, 1998).
 - (a) Necessary and Sufficient Conditions for Private Sector Equilibrium In Cash in Advance Economies.
 - (b) Multiplicity of Private Sector Equilibria.
 - (c) The Optimal Private Sector Equilibrium, and the Type of Monetary Policies that Can Support it.
- 3. (two lectures) Adding Uncertainty and Variable Labor: the Real Business Cycle (RBC) Model.
 - (a) Business Cycle Implications (Cooley and Prescott (1995); see also: Prescott (1986), Summers (1986), Boldrin, Christiano and Fisher (2001)).
 - (b) RBC model with multiple equilibria and sunspot equilibria (see: Christiano and Harrison (1999), Shleifer (1983), class notes on Shleifer; related readings: Bryant (1981,1983), Cass and Shell (1983); Cooper and John (1988); Diamond and Dybvig (1983); Diamond (1982); Farmer (1993); Farmer and Guo (1994,1995); Farmer and Woodford (1984); Gali (1994a,b); Krugman (1991); Woodford (1986,1991)).
- 4. (two lectures) Optimal Policy
 - (a) The case of full commitment, (Chari (1988); see also Chari, Christiano and Kehoe (1994); Lucas and Stokey (1983)).
 - (b) The case of no commitment (the 'time inconsistency problem') (Chari (1988) and Christiano and Fitzgerald (2002); see also: Chari, Christiano and Eichenbaum (1996); Albanesi, Chari, and Christiano, (2002a,b), Chari and Kehoe (1980); Kydland and Prescott (1977); Stokey (1991)).

References

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