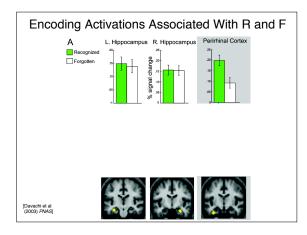
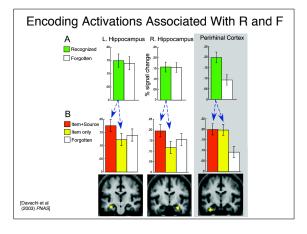
Neural Correlates of Recollection and Familiarity-Based Recognition Memory For Faces

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Overview

- Neural mechanisms of recollection (R) and familiarity (F) within and beyond medial temporal lobes
- Relationship between these mechanisms at memory encoding and retrieval
- · Effects of perceptual similarity on R and F





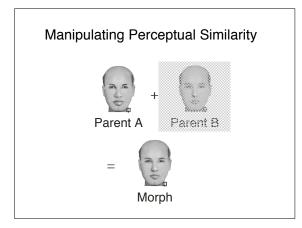
Retrieval Activations Associated With R and F

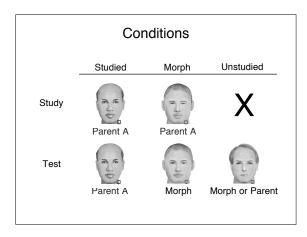
- Hippocampus associated with R but not K (Eldridge, et al. 2000)
- Dissociations in frontal areas (Henson, et al, 1999; Dobbins et al, 2002)
- Familiarity-related response suppression (Henson, et al, 2003)

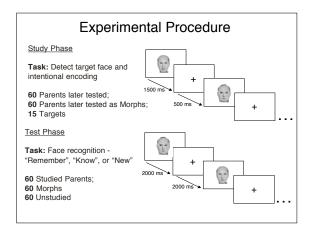


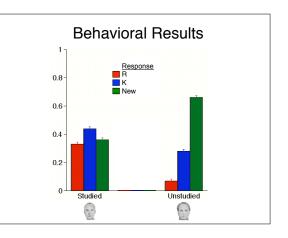
Expand on prior results by:

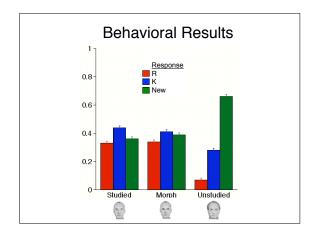
- 1) Exploring neural correlates of R and F in MTL and beyond
- 2) Scanning at encoding and retrieval in the same set of subjects
- 3) Including a similarity manipulation to test effects of perceptual similarity on R and F

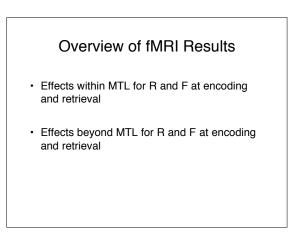


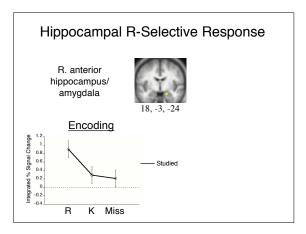


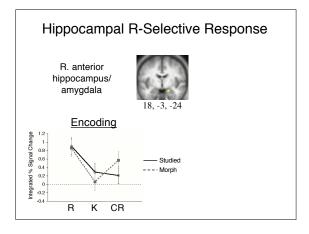


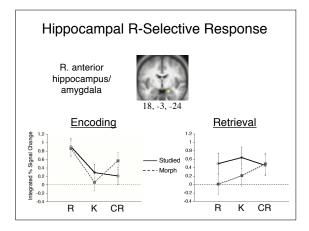


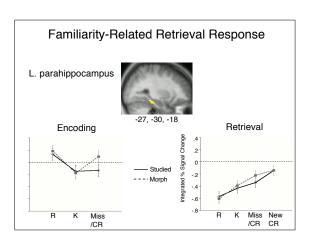


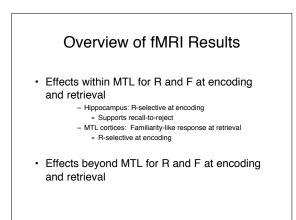


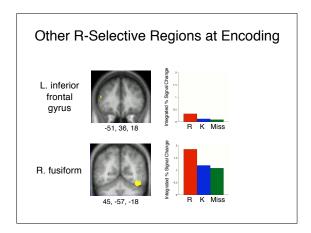


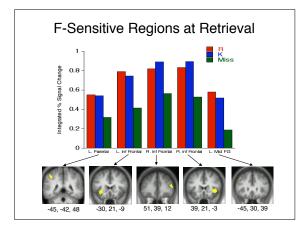


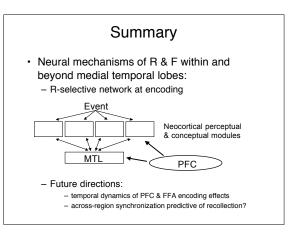












Summary

- Neural mechanisms of R & F within and beyond medial temporal lobes:
 - F-related response reduction at retrieval
 - Future directions:
 - Parametric manipulation of levels of familiarity
 - Relationship between familiarity-related response reductions and similar priming reductions

Summary

- Encoding and retrieval:
 Process-specific activations at encoding and retrieval are neurally distinct
- Effects of perceptual similarity on R and F:
 Similarity manipulation unsuccessful
 - Future direction: parametric similarity manipulation